**G**eography – How climate and landscapes effect ways of life

**R**eligion – Beliefs about the afterlife and “morals”

**A**chievements – The lasting works of a society

**P**olitics – Who runs the society and how they do it

**E**conomics – How a society uses its resources and Money

**S**ociety – Different levels of a culture

Location – Where something is found

Place – Describes what a location looks like by how it looks and the people there.

Human Environment Interaction – How people interact with the environment.

Movement – How people, goods, and ideas move between places.

Region – An Area where there are two or more places with common characteristics